Emergency?

Call 911

What is a 911 emergency?
It’s any situation that requires an immediate police, fire, or medical response to preserve life or property. These include:
- an assault or immediate danger of assault
- a chemical spill
- someone choking
- a crime in progress
- a drowning
- a fight
- a fire
- a serious injury or illness
- a situation involving weapons

How can I call 911 on campus?
- On 253-, 254-, and 255-prefix Cornell-system phones, lift the receiver, wait for the dial tone, and press 911. There’s no need to press 9 first for an outside line.
- On Cornell Blue Light and other campus emergency phones, just lift the receiver or press the button. These phones all have a direct connection to Cornell Police for emergencies, assistance, or information.
- On pay phones, lift the receiver, wait for the dial tone, and press 911. No coin is needed.
- On other non–Cornell-system phones, lift the receiver, wait for the dial tone, and press 911.

When should I NOT call 911?
In an emergency, seconds count. Use 911 only for emergencies—misuse of 911 may delay response to a legitimate emergency. And it’s against the law.
Don’t call 911 to report:
- minor auto accidents
- a crime no longer in progress and not requiring an immediate response to preserve life or property
- disabled vehicles
- a loud party
- missing property
- telephone, cable, or power outages
- or to check on weather, road conditions, or Cornell’s operating status

How do I reach Cornell Police to report a nonemergency on-campus incident?
Call 5.1111 on a Cornell-system phone or 255.1111 on a non–Cornell system phone. Or pick up a Blue Light or other campus emergency phone. Use this number for information and general assistance, too.

Making an international call from a campus phone?
Dial the initial "9-011" carefully. Missing the “0” causes the phone to call Cornell Police, even if you continue to dial the remaining numbers. If this happens, do not hang up, but stay on the phone until the Cornell Police dispatcher ends the conversation.

Calling 911 from a Cellular Phone
If you call 911 on a cellular phone on campus (or anywhere in Tompkins County), your call will be routed to the Tompkins County 911 Center. Describe as clearly as possible the location and nature of the emergency, and the call will be routed to Cornell Police or to another local emergency-response agency.

Check out the Cornell Police website, www.cupolice.cornell.edu, for the latest information about safety and security issues on campus, including recent “daily crime logs” that list police activity.
Partnerships in Safety

Every fall the Cornell Police sends notice of publication of its Annual Security Report, Campus Watch, and provides easy access to the report in order to provide university students, faculty, and staff with information that can help make their experiences at our university safer and more enjoyable. Campus Watch is available on our website to everyone, and you may request a printed copy through our office. I would like to draw your attention to the updated section on Sexual Violence (page 16). It contains excellent information and resources about this very important issue on campuses today.

Additional resources for your specific concerns can be found throughout this publication and on websites referenced herein. We aim to keep you informed about current safety issues on and around campus through regular Blue Light email messages.

The Cornell campus has an idyllic setting that is relatively crime-free. Our community numbers more than 30,000 people, with thousands more coming and going each day. Consequently, there are bound to be at least a few individuals who are ready to take what is not theirs or cause harm to others. Together, we combat these issues by building trusting relationships between law enforcement and all of our community.

The Cornell University Police Department serves as the vital link between those in need and many resources both on and off campus. Our staff consists of highly trained, certified law enforcement officers supported by an outstanding group of civilian employees, making our department one of the finest internationally accredited law enforcement agencies in the country. I am proud to lead this group of dedicated professionals who are committed to providing a safe and secure environment for our students, faculty, staff, and visitors. Additional resources for your specific concerns can be found throughout this report and on the websites provided.

Please call us whenever you see anything suspicious, feel threatened, have a safety concern, or simply see a need for expanded police services to meet the community’s needs. Our department promotes the concept that its employees are public-safety service providers and Cornell community members are their customers. We encourage all members of the campus community to take part in developing their own personal safety plans and strive to develop partnerships with Cornell students, faculty, and staff members. These partnerships serve to assist us in providing the highest level of services 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

Everyone wants a positive experience at Cornell. Pledging to act sensibly, honestly, and with an attitude of mutual respect means that your time spent at Cornell will be productive and enjoyable. Cornell Police stand ready to assist you in any way possible. We can be reached 24 hours a day by calling 607.255.1111. Remember our number. Program it into your cell phone for on-campus emergencies. Of course, you also can always call 911 and help will be on the way.

Here’s to an enjoyable, productive, and safe 2015–2016 academic year.

Kathy Zoner
Chief, Cornell Police
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This publication provides an overview of services available to Cornell University students, faculty, and staff. As we go to press, the entries you find here are current and correct. But phone numbers, hours, and even services change. If you have difficulty contacting one of the service providers listed here, please contact Cornell Police for current information.
Cornell University Police Department

G2 Barton Hall
607.255.1111 (255.1111 within the Cornell phone system)

The Cornell University Police department is an internationally accredited organization that operates 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, from its headquarters in Barton Hall. To contact the department for general information and assistance, call 607.255.1111 or use a Blue Light or other campus emergency telephone. In an emergency, call 911 or use a Blue Light or other campus emergency phone.

As the law enforcement agency for the Cornell University community, the mission of Cornell Police is to protect lives and property, maintain order, prevent crimes, receive and investigate reports of crimes, and provide other law-enforcement services—basically the same duties as those of other law-enforcement agencies. In addition, the department is responsive to the special needs of the large and diverse Cornell community—a community that comprises people who come from across the United States and the world to study and work at Cornell.

The Cornell Police (CUPD) is commissioned by New York State with the authority and responsibility to enforce all applicable local, state, and federal laws. Officers have the authority and duty to conduct criminal investigations, arrest violators, and suppress campus crime. CUPD officers are duly sworn peace officers—as set forth in Section 2.20 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law and as authorized by New York State Education Law, Sections 5708 and 5709—authorized to carry firearms, and provided the same authority as municipal police officers to use police powers of arrest.

CUPD has authority within grounds or premises owned or controlled by Cornell University, including any public highway that crosses or adjoins such property, and shares jurisdiction with local agencies in adjacent areas. In addition, the CUPD may also respond to off-campus addresses that house affiliated programs such as fraternities and sororities. The Cornell Police have a Memorandum of Understanding for ministerial services with the Ithaca Police Department and the Tompkins County Sheriff’s Office. Local police typically provide information regarding Cornell affiliates who come to their attention in areas adjacent to campus.

The department has 76 members, 51 of them sworn officers who patrol campus on foot, in vehicles, on bicycles, and with explosive-detection K-9s. They are divided into three main areas: Office of the Chief, Administrative Division, and Operations Division.

The staff reflect a broad spectrum of backgrounds and interests. During a rigorous application process, Cornell Police Officers are selected for their dedication, sensitivity, communication skills, and high respect for the special public trust bestowed on law-enforcement officials. Officers complete the 629-hour Municipal Police Training Council, or MPTC, the certified Basic Course for Police Officers training, and then are assigned to a field training officer to learn about the Cornell environment. Continual education and training throughout an officer’s career are essential, allowing officers to keep current with technical and social changes that effect and mold the campus, our society, and the law-enforcement profession.

Office of the Chief

The Office of the Chief includes Clery Compliance, the Access Control Program, and the executive assistant to the chief. The Clery Compliance Administrator, Peggy Matta, is responsible for university compliance to all Clery requirements and Access Control Program management for the university.

In 2014, the department continued ongoing efforts to identify, recruit, and hire excellent, diverse, sworn, and non-sworn employees.

Administrative Division

The Administration Division is directed by Deputy Chief Robert MacHenry. This division encompasses the agency’s Records and Communications Unit, Accreditation, Finance and Budgeting, Crime Prevention, the Office of Professional Development, Special Events Planning, and the Office of the Administrative Sergeant.

Crime Prevention Unit

The Crime Prevention (CP) unit coordinates all of the Cornell Police safety and security outreach programs. It is staffed with two full-time crime prevention officers engaged in many service initiatives to promote safety throughout the Cornell community.

Outreach programs to both students and staff include safety and security forums about subjects such as active shooter awareness, workplace violence, personal safety concerns, and alcohol awareness; the unit also provides oversight for the child safety-seat installation program for the campus community.

The CP unit maintains the emergency Blue Light System on campus and ensures compliance with campus policy regarding alarm system installation, training, and scheduled testing. Key management for the campus is also coordinated through this unit. In addition, the CP unit is involved in the environmental design of new and renovated facilities on campus to ensure the continuity of function, security, and safety for the facility users.
Records and Communications Center
Cornell University Police operates its own 911 center staffed by three telecommunications supervisors, nine full-time telecommunications officers, and one system administrator—all supervised by Mark Conrad. The 911 center operates 24 hours per day, seven days per week, 365 days per year. The telecommunications officers receive certifications for both Basic and Advanced public safety dispatch training provided by the Association of Public Safety Communications Officials. The 911 center uses Spillman Technologies for their records management and statistical gathering. In addition the 911 center is responsible for the maintenance and emergency operation of the university’s emergency notification systems, including voice and short message service (SMS, or text) messaging, email, and sirens.

In 2014, the communications center received approximately 42,543 calls for service and 12,001 calls to 911. The 911 center receives all fire and maintenance signals for the campus. The Cornell University Communications Center also serves as a back-up center for Tompkins County 911.

Accreditation
The Cornell University Police Department was accredited in 2010 by the International Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators (IACLEA) and re-accredited in July 2013. In 2013 IACLEA adopted its own standards, which take the place of the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies standards used in previous years. The newly adopted IACLEA standards serve as best practices and appropriate criteria for the effective and efficient operations of a campus public safety agency. CUPD is required to submit annual reports to IACLEA to demonstrate continued compliance with the standards; the department is due for formal reassessment in 2017.

Office of Professional Development
The Office of Professional Development is directed by Lieutenant Philip Mospan. This office coordinates the efforts of 39 certified police instructors to provide training that often exceeds federal and state law enforcement minimum standards while remaining sensitive to the special needs of the campus environment.

Department instructors teach at regional police academies and share their expertise with other local law enforcement.

Professional development is generally broken down into three areas: formal training, departmental in-service training, and Cornell University training.

Formal training initiatives within the past year included all skills within the law enforcement discipline and were underscored by multiple initiatives in deployment to active shooter situations, investigative workshops encompassing the use of social media and cellphones, sexual assault symposiums and forensic experiential trauma interviewing methodology for victims of sexual assault. Additionally, the CUDP had two K-9 officers attend the Incident Response to Terrorist Bombings course in New Mexico sponsored by the Department of Homeland Security allowing our K-9 Explosive Teams to remain contemporary with current trends in this area.

This year, the in-service training initiatives included annual rapid deployment scenarios with multiple police agencies, the issues of racial profiling, and select agent protection and response. In-service efforts also include the renewal of partnerships with departments and colleagues on campus that overlap with law enforcement efforts of the Cornell Police and provide a holistic resolution to challenges encountered each year. Towards that end, every department member received extensive training on the updated Title IX mandates involving sexual assault investigations on campus, victimology, dating violence and sexual predators on campus.

University initiatives were again highlighted by the participation of all department members in diversity initiatives regarding unconscious bias and ethnic or gender stereotyping. One department member completed the university’s diversity initiatives regarding unconscious bias.

Special Events Planning
Sergeant Anthony Piedigrossi manages events planning and works with the University Events Management Planning Team (EMPT). He reviews, approves, and arranges staffing for the numerous events on campus. If you are planning an event on campus:

- Complete an Events Registration Form located at activities.cornell.edu/EventReg.
- Contact Sergeant Piedigrossi at 607.255.7304 or by email at aap10@cornell.edu.
- For events where alcohol will be served, read the Policy on Alcohol and Drugs at dia.cornell.edu/cms/ treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/upload/vol4_8.pdf to ensure you are aware of all of the risks associated with consuming alcohol and the need to prevent the harm that results from its misuse and abuse.
For fraternity and sorority events, contact the Office of Fraternity and Sorority Affairs at 607.255.2310 or stop by 541 Willard Straight Hall.

Office of the Administrative Sergeant
Administrative Sergeant Rich Gourley is responsible for the department’s vehicle fleet. The job includes coordinating the purchase and outfitting of vehicles, fleet maintenance, and fuel operations. Sergeant Gourley is also responsible for product research, procurement, and maintenance of all equipment and supplies used by the Cornell Police.

Operations Division
The Operations Division is directed by Deputy Chief David Honan and includes the agency’s two sections: Patrol and Major Investigations.

Patrol
The Patrol section provides community-focused patrol services to Cornell students, faculty, staff, and visitors, using vehicle, foot, and bicycle patrol. Managed by Lieutenant Jeff Montesano, the patrol section also provides specialized services such as explosive-detection K-9s, honor guard, directed criminal patrols, and traffic enforcement details.

The Patrol section also provides police services for special events and works with campus departments such as the Office of Fraternity and Sorority Affairs, Athletics, Residential Programs, and Student Organizations. A Patrol section sergeant directs the operations of the Cornell Police Auxiliary (CPAs)—security guard–trained teams—serving as eyes and ears for CUPD sworn officers and providing walking escort services for the Cornell community.

Major Investigations
The Major Investigations Unit is managed by Lieutenant Daniel Murphy and is staffed by a sergeant and four investigators. The Major Investigations Unit’s primary responsibilities are investigating criminal activity, conducting follow-up investigations, collecting and managing evidence, and providing protection for visiting dignitaries. The Major Investigations Unit also conducts administrative investigations, pre-employment background investigations for positions within CUPD, and assists in conducting assessments for potential threats to the university.

The Major Investigations Unit maintains close working relationships with local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies and participates in the regional Joint Terrorism Task Force.

Preparation of the Clery Report
The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act require colleges and universities to:
- Publish an annual report every year by October 1 containing three years of campus crime statistics and certain campus security policy statements that are disseminated to the campus community and submitted to the U.S. Department of Education
- Disclose crime statistics for the campus, public areas immediately adjacent to or running through the campus, and certain non-campus facilities and remote classrooms
- Provide emergency notifications to the campus community when a significant threat or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health and safety occurs
- Provide “timely warning” notices of those crimes that have occurred and pose an ongoing “threat to students and employees”
- Disclose in a public crime log “any crime that occurred on campus or within the patrol jurisdiction of the campus police or the campus security department and is reported to the campus police or security department”

The Cornell University Police Department (CUPD) is responsible for preparing and distributing the Annual Security Report and Campus Watch; collecting and publishing statistical information from campus security authorities and local municipal police departments; and ensuring that policies and practices are prepared and enforced in line with Clery Act, including notifications and document disclosures.

Each member of the university community receives an annual email describing the report and providing the web address for the posted documents. A hard copy of the Annual Security Report is provided upon request. For more information, contact the Cornell Clery Compliance Administrator at 607.255.4393.

CUPD Honor Guard members O’Pray and Lazcano represented the Department and the University at the memorial service and funeral of NYSP Trooper Skinner.

2015 Reunion Weekend: Cornell Police Officer Bill Carpenter chats with alumni in Bailey Plaza following an event.
### Hate Crimes:

- **2014:** One (1) On-campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by religion; One (1) On-campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by ethnicity; One (1) On-campus Simple Assault characterized by sexual orientation; One (1) On-campus Intimidation characterized by religion.

- **2013:** One (1) On-campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by race; One (1) On-campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by sexual orientation; One (1) Non-campus Aggravated Assault characterized by sexual orientation.

- **2012:** There were no reportable hate crimes.
# Crimes Reported by Cornell University Campus Security Authorities or Other Law-Enforcement Agencies

Reported in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act for years 2012, 2013, and 2014. These charts are in addition to the crimes reported to the Cornell University Police.

### Arrests/Referrals for Selected Offense

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense Type</th>
<th>On Campus: including Residential Facilities</th>
<th>Residential Facilities Only</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>Non-Campus Building or Property</th>
<th>Offense Type Totals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DWI Arrests</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liquor Law Violations</td>
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<td>206</td>
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<tr>
<td>Referral</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrest</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drug Law Violations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Referral</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrest</td>
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<tr>
<td>Weapons Possession</td>
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<tr>
<td>Referral</td>
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<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrest</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Hate Crimes:

2014: One (1) On-campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by sexual orientation;
One (1) On-campus Intimidation characterized by sexual orientation;
One (1) On-campus Intimidation characterized by national origin;
Two (2) On-campus Residential Intimidation characterized by sexual orientation;
Two (2) On-campus Residential Intimidation characterized by gender identity.

2013: One (1) On-campus Residential Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by sexual orientation;
One (1) On-campus Residential Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by religion;
One (1) On-campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by national origin.

2012: One (1) On Campus Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property characterized by religion;
Three (3) Public Property Intimidation characterized by sexual orientation;
Two (2) Public Property Intimidation characterized by race;
One (1) Public Property Aggravated Assault characterized by sexual orientation.
Public Safety Advisory Committee
Cornell’s Public Safety Advisory Committee (PSAC) is composed of students, staff, and faculty members who advise Cornell Police on issues of public safety and victims’ advocacy. PSAC is an advisory committee on campus security in accordance with Section 6431 of Article 129-A of New York State Education Law. The committee makes recommendations to improve campus security policies and procedures and reviews issues that affect the overall safety and well-being of Cornell’s diverse community. Committee members are also members of the Cornell University Council on Sexual Violence Prevention.

Appointments to the committee are made annually. Students, faculty, and staff members interested in the PSAC are invited to contact the chief of Cornell Police.

Annual Fire Safety Report
The Annual Fire Safety Report includes fire statistics for each on-campus student housing facility, including fire systems and drills conducted. The report also includes institutional policies and rules concerning fire safety, such as procedures for student housing evacuation.

You may obtain a copy of this report by contacting the Associate Director of Fire Compliance and Emergency Services at 607.255.8200 or you may go to sp.ehs.cornell.edu/firesafetyreport.

Campus Safety and Crime Prevention

Reporting Incidents and Crimes
Whether you are a victim or a witness, you are encouraged to promptly report crime. If a crime occurs on or around campus, report it immediately to the police.

- For emergencies, call 911
- For non-emergencies, call 607.255.1111

If you’re the victim of a crime on campus, report it to Cornell Police as soon as possible.

If you are victimized elsewhere in Tompkins County, contact a local law-enforcement agency or Cornell Police for referral to the appropriate agency (see inside front cover for list of local law enforcement agencies).

On campus, if you believe you’re in imminent danger for any reason, call 911 or use the nearest Blue Light or other campus emergency phone to reach Cornell Police immediately. The location of that Blue Light phone will simultaneously be displayed on the Cornell Police switchboard; help will immediately be sent to that location, whether or not you are able to communicate with the dispatcher. Cornell Police officers will also help victims obtain appropriate treatment and support services.

Many times, valuable evidence is destroyed because victims do not initially think they will pursue criminal action, but wish to do so at a later time. The Cornell Police encourage victims of any type of assault to take immediate steps to ensure their safety and preserve valuable evidence by:

- Getting to a safe place as soon as possible
- Seeking medical assistance
- Not bathing, douching, or changing clothes
- Contacting the Cornell Police, whatever your initial decision is regarding prosecuting the crime

If you are a witness to a crime, an accident, a fire, or suspicious or threatening circumstances on or off campus—or perhaps you are the victim—it is either:

- An emergency requiring immediate police, fire, medical, or other response to preserve life or property or
- Not currently an emergency but an incident that requires attention

Seconds can seem like hours. Knowing what to expect when making your report may help make the experience less stressful and more effective.

If reporting an emergency:

- Act quickly but calmly.
- Get to a safe place, if possible.
- Call 911 on any phone on the Cornell campus. You can also use a Blue Light or other campus emergency phone. (If you use a cell phone to dial 911, your call will be answered by the Tompkins County 911 Center and transferred to Cornell Police. If you are on campus, it may be quicker to dial 607.255.1111.)

If reporting a non-emergency:

- Do not call 911.
- Use the non-emergency number of the appropriate agency.

(See the inside front cover of this report for a complete list.)
In either an emergency or a non-emergency, your first contact will most likely be a dispatcher. The dispatcher will need to obtain as much vital information from you as possible and relay it appropriately. Often, he or she will do so by radio. Remember, the questions are necessary, but you are not expected to know the answers to everything asked. Things that seem obvious or unimportant to you can be less apparent or more important to the dispatcher and to the responding agency. Expect to be asked for some or all of the following details:

**Caller Identity and Location**
- Your name and any other identifying information requested
- Telephone number and location you are calling from (if you called 911 on a Cornell phone or are using a Blue Light or other campus emergency phone, this will automatically be displayed on the Cornell Police switchboard)

**Nature of Incident**
- Fire: type and size of fire
- Medical: type of illness or injury and specific cause, if you know it
- Police: the crime or danger, and descriptions of suspects, vehicles if any are involved, and the direction of their travel
- Chemical: chemicals involved, quantity, hazards, and injuries

**Location of Incident**
- Building name
- Room or apartment number
- Street address
- Landmarks near location if outdoors

Stay on the line. Answer all questions. Let the dispatcher hang up first. If disconnected, call back immediately.

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**Silent Witness**

At the Silent Witness website you can report confidentially any criminal or suspicious activity occurring on or adjacent to the Cornell campus. Email responses from the website are not continuously monitored, but they are checked regularly. Emergencies or criminal activities in progress should be reported immediately by calling 911.

When filling out the Silent Witness online form, please provide as much information as possible. An officer may contact you to clarify the information.

---

**Blue Light and Emergency Phones**
There are currently over 750 Blue Light and emergency phones on the Cornell campus. For direct connection to Cornell Police, lift the receiver or press the button.

Lost? Having car problems? Want to report a suspicious incident or a medical emergency? Need any other kind of assistance or information immediately? That is what these phones are for. As soon as the connection is activated, the location of the phone is displayed on the Cornell Police switchboard. If a caller does not or cannot speak, an officer is immediately dispatched to the phone site.

**Note:** If calling to report an emergency on a phone at the entrance to a residence hall, push the “on” button and then press 911.

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**Blue Light Escort and Bus Services**
Cornell’s pioneering Blue Light program promotes and safeguards personal security and well-being on the Cornell campus, particularly at night. When a Blue Light Escort is requested, two members of the Cornell University Police Auxiliary accompany any member of the Cornell community or visitor to destinations on campus or near campus. If you are riding a bus, they will wait with you at the stop until the bus arrives.

Blue Light Escorts are members of the Cornell community hired and trained by Cornell Police and are certified security guards. Each escort wears a highly visible uniform and is in direct radio contact with Cornell Police. To request an escort team, call 607.255.7373, or use one of the Blue Light phones on campus. The service operates from dusk to dawn every day during the fall and spring semesters.

**Blue Light and TCAT Buses**
The Blue Light buses are offered nightly on TCAT Routes 92 and 93, operating on campus from 6:30 p.m. to 2:30 a.m. throughout the year. Matriculated students receive unlimited rides on all TCAT buses after 6 p.m. on weekdays and any time on Saturday and Sunday when using their Cornell ID card at the fare box. Route and schedule information are at tcatbus.com.

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**Gorge Safety**
Cascadilla and Fall Creek Gorges frame the Cornell campus on the north and south—distinguishing the campus’s natural beauty, while providing unique opportunities to study geology and the ecology of remarkably different habitats within and around the gorges. Trails were built for all to explore and enjoy the stunning gorge landscapes safely.
Along with their beauty, the gorges bring potential danger. The forces that shaped these unique landscapes are still at work. Rocks continue to fall from cliff sides, and stream currents are strong, although they often don’t appear to be. Through the misuse of our gorges, many people have been injured or killed, but most of these incidents could have been avoided.

While tempting on hot days, swimming in the gorges is extremely dangerous, and a serious threat of drowning exists. Entering into restricted areas of the gorge or violating posted rules and regulations may result in a referral to the Judicial Administrator or arrest. Swimming in the gorges is also prohibited by Chapter 250 of the City of Ithaca code, Peace and Good Order, which states: “No person shall bathe in, swim in, or for purposes of swimming and/or bathing enter any of the waters within the City of Ithaca except in the waters officially designated as swimming or bathing areas.”

Please visit gorgesafety.cornell.edu to find out about the trails, regulations, and current conditions.

Cornell Police Bike Patrol

The Cornell Police Bike Patrol is a common and welcome sight on the university campus, providing community contact, cycling education, and general and special patrol services. The bike patrol is available all hours of the day or night, in most weather conditions, and is effective at parades, sporting events, and other special occasions. Cornell Police Bike Patrol officers use specially equipped mountain bikes to provide police services to the Cornell community. All members are trained and certified by the state of New York in the safe, proper, and effective use of police mountain bikes for patrol purposes. Several Cornell Police Bike Patrol members also have served as instructors for this training, providing instruction for law-enforcement officers across the state.

These bike patrol officers respond to calls for service and medical emergencies, provide traffic control, and enforce Cornell’s Campus Code of Conduct in addition to New York State laws. The bike unit can patrol walkways and courtyards that are inaccessible to vehicle traffic and can quickly respond in areas congested with vehicle or pedestrian traffic. The bike patrol is particularly well suited to enforce rules and regulations covering bicycle and pedestrian safety; however, increasing the public’s awareness of the importance of safety and considerably sharing the road is one of the unit’s most important responsibilities.
Missing Person Procedures
The Cornell Police must be notified immediately if a student is reported missing. To file a missing person report, call the Cornell Police at 607.255.1111 (or 5.1111 if on campus). Cornell University provides members of the campus community with the opportunity to contribute confidential emergency contact information to be used if they are officially reported as missing. This confidential contact information is accessible only to authorized campus officials and will not be disclosed, except to law enforcement personnel, in furtherance of a missing person investigation. (To register confidential emergency contact information see page 14 of this report, “Sign Up for Emergency Notification Systems.”)

If the Cornell Police determine that a student for whom a missing person report has been filed has been missing for more than 24 hours, then within the next 24 hours the department will:
- Notify the individual who has been identified by the student to be contacted in such circumstances
- Notify a parent or guardian, if the student is under 18 years old.
- Notify appropriate local law enforcement officials with a teletype message or other similar measure, in cases where the student is over 18 and has not identified a person to be contacted.

Emergency Notification
Pursuant to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, the Cornell University Police Department provides notification to the university community in the form of Timely Warnings and Emergency Mass Notifications (voice, text, email, and sirens) when a significant criminal incident occurs on campus or in an area surrounding campus that represents a continuing public safety threat.

Decisions to disseminate a communication will be decided on a case-by-case basis, in light of all the facts surrounding the crime and the continuing danger to the campus community. The purpose of the notification is to aid in the prevention of similar crimes by alerting the community about the incident and providing information on actions people can take to diminish their chances of being victimized.

Timely Warnings
In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, which, in the judgment of the Chief of Cornell Police or his/her designee, constitutes a serious or continuing threat to students and employees or the greater community of the institution, a campus-wide “timely warning” will be issued. The warning will be sent as a Crime Alert. It will also be posted after the initial mailing on the university’s website, www.cupolice.cornell.edu/alerts.cfm.

These Crime Alerts contain a brief description of the incident; the date, time, location of the incident; and precautions to take; however, they will not provide details as found in a press release or news article. The amount and type of information presented in the warning will vary depending on the circumstances of the crime. A warning that could jeopardize a criminal investigation will not be distributed.

Significant criminal incidents that might elicit a timely warning include, but are not limited to crimes of violence, Clery reportable crimes, or patterns of property crimes. Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the Cornell Police, by phone (607.255.1111) or in person at the dispatch center in Barton Hall.

A comprehensive test of the system is conducted once a quarter (unless the system has been used for a specific university purpose prior to testing). An analysis is completed immediately after the test. Any gaps requiring action are identified and remedied immediately. Additional testing may be required after fixes are completed. Documentation of the usage or quarterly tests is retained by the Clery Compliance Administrator. All instances of usage for Crime Alerts for 2014 were successful.
Emergency Mass Notifications

In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that, in the judgment of the Chief of Cornell Police or his/her designee, constitutes a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of the university community, an Emergency Mass Notification, or EMN, is written and distributed, **without delay**, to the entire university community using one or many of the campus EMN systems. An emergency mass notification would not be distributed only if it could compromise efforts to contain the emergency.

Notification will be sent via Voice and SMS (text) messaging to community members who have opted into the university voice and SMS (text) messaging systems. Sirens/public address messages will be activated to the four towers on campus, and email notification will be sent.

All messages will contain a brief description of the incident and precautions to take. Following the immediate notification from any of these systems, the campus community is advised to go to a safe location and monitor [cuinfo.cornell.edu](http://cuinfo.cornell.edu) for additional information and instructions.

Comprehensive tests are conducted once a semester for the voice/text messaging and siren/PA systems, and an analysis is completed immediately after the test. Any gaps requiring action are identified and remedied immediately. Additional testing may be required after fixes are completed. The campus community and surrounding municipalities are notified in advance of the tests. After the test, results are posted at [www.cupolice.cornell.edu/notifications/default.cfm](http://www.cupolice.cornell.edu/notifications/default.cfm). In addition, the siren/PA systems are tested once a month through a “silent test”. Documentation of the usage and tests are retained by the Clery Compliance Administrator.

The 2014 spring and fall semester tests were successful for siren/PA systems, voice, and text messaging.

**Sign Up for University Notification Systems**

Every Cornell community member should be enrolled to receive emergency messages and designate emergency contacts. To do so:

- **Students**: go to [https://selfservice.adminapps.cornell.edu/studcenter](https://selfservice.adminapps.cornell.edu/studcenter) and select the links for Emergency Contact Info and Emergency Mass Notification.

- **Employees**: go to [workday.cornell.edu](http://workday.cornell.edu) and after logging into Workday from the Home page, click on the icon “Important Links: Employees.” Select Emergency Mass Notification and enter your information.

**Campus Safety and Crime Prevention Outreach Programs**

Cornell Police offers these crime-prevention and public-safety outreach programs and services at no cost to any Cornell group or organization:

- **Personal Security** is directed at preventing crimes of violence. It includes a demonstration of personal alarms and a discussion of illegal self-defense weapons.

- **Sexual Assault Awareness** discusses the law regarding sexual assaults; what is consent; how to change social norms; bystander intervention; the many options a victim/survivor has; and what resources are available on and off campus.

- **Winter Driving Techniques** focuses on handling your car on snow and ice, preparing yourself and your vehicle for inclement weather, and navigating Ithaca’s hills and other difficult areas.

- **Alcohol Awareness** reviews the physical effects of alcohol and laws related to driving while intoxicated and alcohol-related crimes. Fatal Vision™ goggles simulate the effects of alcohol on participants.

- **Cash Handling** is designed for retail personnel and focuses on managing cash, identifying counterfeit currency, and handling robbery, bad checks, credit-card fraud, and more.

- **Violence in the Workplace** discusses types of violence, how to identify potentially violent behavior, how to prevent a violent situation, and how to react to one.

- **Identity Theft** discusses what identity theft is, how to avoid it, what to do if you become an identity-theft victim, and whom you need to report it to.

- **Stay Safe 360 degrees** is a program that covers protecting your possessions and identity, and preventing student assaults, controlling behavior, and stalking; it also reviews everyday safety on campus, common sense defense, and safe travel.

- **Active Shooter Awareness** teaches strategies for dealing with an active shooter on campus, before and after police arrive on the scene.

- **CUPD Overview** provides information about the Cornell Police: duties and capabilities, various units, and partnerships that prevent and reduce crime on campus.

To inquire about any of these programs or services, contact Officer Beverly Van Cleef at 607.255.7305, or Officer Lisa Van Horn at 607.255.7404, or send an email to crime_prevention@cornell.edu.

**Access Control and Building Security**

Everyone acting on behalf of Cornell University must take responsibility for faculty, staff, and student safety, as well as the security of university physical space and the assets contained...
therein. An essential element of security is maintaining adequate control to ensure that university assets are accessed only by those authorized to do so. This necessitates the tracking of university key systems and access control devices, the locations they access, and the individuals to whom they are issued, as well as the use of alarm monitoring and video surveillance for security purposes.

Responsibility for the management of proper access control rests with unit heads, who must each designate two (primary and backup) or more access control coordinators (ACC) and/or key control coordinators (KCC) for all functional work areas. This responsibility may be delegated to a specific entity within a unit.

Issuance of access devices should be systematic, need-based, and in accordance with university policy 8.4: Management of Keys and other Access Control Devices. Unit KCCs and ACCs must determine the need for access device issuance, based on job functions, research needs, and class requirements. Issuance of access devices should be kept as infrequent as possible, with consideration given to hours of work, work space, alternatives, frequency, urgency, and sensitivity.

Individuals are prohibited from unauthorized possession or duplication of access devices to university facilities or vehicles; from disabling or circumventing access devices; and from making changes to access without following the procedures set forth in university policy 8.4.

Residence Halls
Exterior entrances to residence halls are locked at all times. Temporary exceptions are only permitted to accommodate authorized events, such as August check-in and May closing. A Residential Programs staff member must authorize all exceptions. Purposely violating the security policies by propping open exterior doors or modifying a latch may result in disciplinary action.

Use good judgment with respect to building access—don’t put yourself or others at risk by offering strangers access to locked buildings. Roofs, ledges, and overhangs are off limits: Please do not attempt to climb the exteriors of buildings.

Academic, Service and Other Residential Buildings
The security of academic, service, and other residential buildings is the responsibility of the building occupants. Occupants are responsible for locking their doors and windows.

Lights On!
Cornell Police is committed to making the campus a safe place. A big part of this effort is outside lighting, and we can use your help.

To report a light that is out, please call 607.255.1111. Give the exact location of the light and, if it is a pole light, the number on the pole.

To report an area on campus with insufficient lighting, notify the Cornell Police Crime Prevention Unit at 607.255.7404 or send an email to crime_prevention@cornell.edu.

Securing Your Valuables

Operation ID
Location: G2 Barton Hall
Phone: 607.255.7404

Engraving your property means that it will more likely find its way back to you, should it be lost or stolen. Through the Operation ID program, Cornell Police and other law-enforcement agencies can return recovered personal property. You’ll be assigned a lifetime personal-identification number, which you then engrave—using equipment loaned to you by Cornell Police—on valuable possessions.

The Operation ID program is recognized throughout the United States and Canada, so any marked item recovered within those boundaries can be traced to its owner. Your participation in this program continues indefinitely, and you can engrave your ID number on possessions you acquire after you leave Cornell.

Anything worth keeping is worth engraving. Clothing and other nonengravable items can be labeled with a laundry marker. Marking your property can also be a deterrent. For the thief, marked property is harder to fence, generally brings a lower price, and is too easily traced to the rightful owner.

Cornell considers Operation ID so worthwhile that university departments are required to engrave their Operation ID numbers on all equipment valued at $500 or more that easily can be moved by two people. But any item can be engraved, no matter what the value or ease of handling.

The Cornell Police Crime Prevention Unit, open 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday to Friday, can register you in the Operation ID program, lend you an engraving tool, and answer questions you have regarding Operation ID or other crime prevention–related matters. The program is open to all Cornell community members at no charge.

For more information, see University Policy 2.1, Operation ID, at dfa.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/facilities/operationid.cfm.

ID for Keys: the Key-Tag Program
A key-tag program is available to any member of the Cornell community. Currently, more than 185,000 people are registered in the program, and once you join, your tag is good forever.

To get a key tag (your first, or a replacement), fill out a key-tag ID card at Cornell Police headquarters and attach to your key ring the tag you are issued. If your keys are lost or stolen, they will be returned to Cornell Police if the finder places them in U.S. or campus mail. When Cornell Police receive your keys, you will be notified.
Laptop Security Program
Cornell University students, faculty, staff, and alumni can now register and protect their laptops at no charge by using the Front Door software application: www.frontdoorsoftware.com/cornell.

Participants will be able to register, protect, and track their computers with a free four-year license. By installing this application, you can increase your chances of recovery if your laptop is stolen. You can blast a message to the computer that states, “This computer is reported stolen,” lock it down from remote, send a text message to the thief, and have your laptop actually “yell out” for help with a standard message. You can also customize your message and get a Google Map that can show clues indicating the laptop’s location.

Lost and Found
Location: G141 Barton Hall (inside police parking lot door)
Hours: Monday—Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
Phone: 607.255.7197
Email: lostandfound@cornell.edu

Lose your cell phone, keys, or watch? Find someone else’s? Turn in found items 24/7 at Barton Hall. Almost all campus buildings have one or more lost-and-founds—check these out, too.

Or you can fill out a lost-and-found-property card, available at the Barton Hall office. Items valued at less than $50 are held for three months, then given to charity, recycled, or discarded. More expensive unclaimed items are held for a longer period and then go to auction.

Sexual Violence
Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking
Cornell University will not tolerate sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or other forms of sexual violence by or against students, staff, faculty, alumni, or visitors. University Policy 6.4 prohibits all members of the university community from engaging in sexual violence. The Campus Code of Conduct prohibits all acts of violence and stalking, whether or not sexual in nature.

In an ongoing effort to prevent sexual violence, the university provides education and prevention programs for the Cornell community, pursues all complaints of sexual violence, dispenses disciplinary action where appropriate, and provides complainants with information on pursuing criminal or other legal action. The university’s compliance efforts are led by a team of Title IX coordinators, who address all Title IX complaints, including complaints of sexual violence, and take steps to identify and address any patterns or systemic problems that arise during the review of such complaints. To view the entire policy on Prohibited Discrimination, Protected Status Harassment, Sexual Harassment, and Sexual Assault and Violence, see Policy 6.4.

Sexual Assault is a broad term that covers a range of sex offenses, including, but not limited to, public lewdness, rape, sexual battery, and sexual abuse. (Policy 6.4.) New York State does not specifically define sexual assault.

Consent is comprised of words or actions that show a voluntary agreement to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Consent is not present when one is incapable of consent, subject to coercion or threat of coercion, or subject to forcible compulsion. Consent cannot be assumed and consent for one act does not imply consent for another. (Policy 6.4.) Under NYS law, consent cannot be compelled by violence, the threat of violence or where one is incapable of consent. NYS law states that a person is incapable of consent when he or she is (a) under the age of 17, (b) mentally disabled, or (c) mentally incapacitated or physically helpless, including as a result of alcohol or drugs.

Domestic Violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence, committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person treated as a spouse of the victim under applicable law, or by any other person against a victim who is protected from that person’s acts under domestic or family violence laws of the applicable jurisdiction. (Policy 6.4.) In NYS, “family offenses” are certain violations of the penal code, including but not limited to harassment, sexual abuse, stalking, and menacing, committed by a family member or intimate partner that have created a substantial risk of physical or emotional harm to a person or a person’s child.

Dating or Intimate Partner Violence is physical force or abuse committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. Factors that may be considered include (1) the length of the relationship, (2) the type of relationship, and (3) the frequency of the interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. (Policy 6.4.) NYS law does not specifically define “dating violence,” but under NYS law some intimate relationships can be covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Stalking is unwanted or obsessive attention by an individual or group toward another person. Stalking behaviors are related to harassment and intimidation and may include following the victim in person or monitoring him or her, including use of social media or other technology. (Policy 6.4.) Under NYS law, stalking is an intentional course of conduct directed at a specific person that causes harm to the mental or emotional distress of that person, fear for his or her health, safety or property, or the health, safety or property of his or her family or acquaintances, or fear that his or her employment, business or career is threatened.

Seeking Medical Help
If you are the victim of an act of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, you are encouraged to seek health care services such as those offered by Gannett Health Services. You will benefit from being examined for physical injury and/or disease. You may also need to discuss the risk of pregnancy. If you require medical care after an assault has occurred, Gannett staff or the Cornell Police will arrange to transport you to Gannett (when open) or Cayuga Medical Center. Gannett staff members are available 24 hours a day to provide information to survivors of sexual assault at Cornell. The staff is bound by standards of confidentiality.

Note: If you are considering a criminal action, seek medical care at Cayuga Medical Center as soon as possible. Do not bathe, shower, douche, or change your clothes before you go. If you do, you may inadvertently remove important evidence. The kind of evidence that supports a legal case against an assailant and may be helpful in obtaining an order of protection should be collected within 72 hours of an assault. Through the Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) program at Cayuga Medical Center, a registered nurse can conduct a special examination to collect evidence at the same time as you receive medical care.
Reporting the Incident

If you have experienced sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, you have the option to report the incident to the Cornell Police and/or file a complaint with the university pursuant to Policy 6.4 or the Campus Code of Conduct (in the case of non-sexual misconduct). Both systems can be accessed. The choice of whether or not to file a complaint under university policy and/or a report with the Cornell Police or local law enforcement is yours.

You are encouraged to report to the Cornell Police or a local law enforcement agency any incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. A report is an account or description of a specific incident. You may make a report without filing a criminal complaint. You may do so by phone, Blue Light phone, in person, or in writing. Please tell the Cornell Police if you are safe and about any injuries you may have. You may request transportation to medical and/or psychological care. You will need to explain where and when the incident took place and whether the assailant is known to you. The Cornell University Police offer assistance in notifying local law enforcement, if you so choose, and provide information on pursuing a criminal complaint or other legal action, such as a no-contact order. Keep additional evidence of abuse as well. Save emails, texts, voicemails, letters, notes, etc. Photograph anything of yours that the abuser damages and any injuries that the abuser causes. If there are any witnesses, ask him or her to document what they saw. Every piece of information you collect could help you should you decide to move forward with a criminal action and may be helpful in obtaining an order of protection.

You also have the option of reporting the incidents to the University by contacting a Title IX coordinator. The university’s Judicial Administrator is a deputy Title IX coordinator and receives complaints concerning sexual and non-sexual misconduct by students. The JA can be contacted at 607.255.4680 or judadmin@cornell.edu. The director of the Office of Workplace Policy and Labor Relations, also a deputy Title IX coordinator, receives complaints concerning sexual and non-sexual misconduct by students, faculty and staff members and non-Cornell community members and can be contacted at 607.255.7232 or equalopportunity@cornell.edu. You may also email a report to nonsexual.misconduct@cornell.edu or contact the University’s Title IX Coordinator at 607.255.3976. The Title IX Coordinators can assist you in notifying CUPD or local law enforcement if you choose to do so.

The Title IX Coordinators will provide information on resources for assistance and options to address concerns, including filing a complaint under applicable university policy and addressing your needs for safety, counseling, housing and educational accommodations even if you are unsure about whether to file a complaint. Those options will vary depending on the nature of the complaint, whether the complainant is a student, faculty or staff member, whether the complainant wishes to proceed informally or formally, and the wishes of the complainant regarding confidentiality. The University strongly supports a complainant’s interest in confidentiality in cases involving sexual misconduct and will honor a complainant’s request for confidentiality if doing so does not impact the University’s ability to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students, including the complainant. The Title IX Coordinator will evaluate requests for confidentiality. Please see “Resources for Victims” below for information on confidential support if you do not wish to report the incident to the University, but seek confidential assistance and advice.

Filing a Complaint under Policy 6.4

If you have experienced sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, you may file a complaint under Policy 6.4, or, in the case of nonsexual violence or stalking directed toward students, the Campus Code of Conduct. Formal investigations generally will take place only as a result of your decision to file a formal complaint about what happened to you. You may file a formal written complaint within one year of an incident. Students may also bring a complaint against faculty, relating to supervision, teaching, advising and the like, within one year after the student is no longer under the supervision of the faculty, or three years from the date of the incident, whichever is earlier. Under Policy 6.4, the JA and/or WPLR have exclusive responsibility for accepting, processing, and investigating prohibited discrimination and sexual harassment complaints, including sexual violence, and will undertake to resolve these complaints impartially, promptly, and confidentially. The purpose of the investigation is to gather evidence to determine whether the accused engaged in prohibited conduct by a preponderance of the evidence (i.e., it is more likely than not that the conduct has occurred.)

If you are eighteen (18) years or older, no university office will contact your parents or other family members. Friends, faculty, coaches, supervisors, co-workers, etc. are not contacted either, unless they are necessary witnesses. The complaint process is confidential and any involved parties, including witnesses, will be directed to keep the information they learn during the investigation confidential. Nor will Cornell University tolerate retaliation. All who may be involved in a complaint are warned against retaliation during an investigation. If you experience retaliation, report it to the JA or WPLR.

Pending resolution of the matter, the university may put in place interim measures to protect the safety and well-being of members of the university community. These measures may include no-contact orders, change of housing or place of employment or schedule, change of class schedule or location, change of supervision, temporary suspension, or otherwise.

During a formal investigation, the investigator will keep both parties informed on the investigation’s status, as appropriate. The investigator will provide both parties with written notice of any determination, extensions, or relevant procedures. Adversarial hearings, (including confrontation, cross-examination by the parties, and active advocacy by attorneys) are not permitted during the investigation process. The parties will be interviewed separately as a part of the fact-finding interviews and will not appear in the same room. Throughout the investigative process, the complainant and respondent may seek the advice of a personal attorney or other advisor of their choice. Such representatives may accompany their clients’ or advisees’ to meetings with the investigator (or any related meeting), but may not respond to questions for their clients or advisees, and may not pose questions.

Upon conclusion of the fact-finding investigation, the investigator will produce a written investigation report. The report will be forwarded to a panel of three reviewers, in the case of a complaint against a student, or a single reviewer, in the case of a complaint against faculty or staff member, who will review the evidence, determination, and/or recommended sanctions or remedial measures contained in the investigative report. All reviewers, as well as investigators and co-investigators, receive annual training on domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and how to conduct such proceedings in a way that protects the safety of both parties and promotes accountability.
Both parties will receive a copy of the investigator’s report simultaneously, and each have ten business days from receipt of the report (which period may be extended for good cause) to submit a response to the Review or Review Panel for consideration. The Reviewer Panel or Reviewer may accept, modify or reject the investigator’s findings and recommended sanctions. Disciplinary sanctions may include a no-contact order, required counseling, education, directed study program, community service, change in residence, or dismissal or suspension from the University, depending on the severity of the policy violation. The Reviewer or Review Panel shall issue a final determination in writing, simultaneously, to all complainants and respondents.

Both parties have the right to appeal the final determination to the Vice President for Student and Academic Services, in the case of complaints against students, the Vice President for Human Resources and Safety Services or designee, in the case of complaints against academic and nonacademic staff members, or the Provost or designee, in the case of complaints against faculty members. Appeals must be submitted in writing within ten business days of receipt of the final determination (which period may be extended for good cause). Written notification of such appeal procedures will be provided to both parties. The university official responsible for hearing the appeal shall issue a decision in writing, simultaneously, to the parties. This decision is final and not subject to further appeal.

Filing a Complaint under the Campus Code of Conduct
If you have experienced domestic violence, dating violence or stalking that is not sexual in nature, you may pursue a complaint under the Campus Code of Conduct. See page 20 for more information on the Campus Code of Conduct.

Resources for Victims
The university assists victims of sexual assault. In addition to health care and the complaint process, the university will provide counseling and other support services on campus for students, faculty, staff, and visitors who are victims of sexual assault. If you have experienced sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, the University strongly encourages you to seek assistance. A number of resources are available to help:

For confidential support, seek assistance from:
- Gannett Health Services (medical and mental health providers, students only: 607-255-5155)
- The Faculty and Staff Assistance Program (FSAP) (mental health providers, faculty and staff only: 607-255-2673)
- Cornell United Religious Work Chaplains (CURW) (pastoral counseling: 607-255-6002)
- The Ithaca Advocacy Center’s 24/7 hotline (607-277-5000)

Gannett, FSAP, and CURW will not convey any information disclosed in the context of providing medical and/or mental health services or pastoral counseling to the University’s Title IX Coordinators or other university officials. The Advocacy Center is independent of Cornell. These conversations are kept strictly confidential and, except in rare circumstances, will not be shared without explicit permission.

You may also seek confidential support from:
- The Cornell Victim Advocate (607-255-1212, victimadvocate@cornell.edu)
- The director of the Women's Resource Center (WRC) (607-255-0015, womensresctrmailbox@cornell.edu)
- The director of the LGBT Resource Center (607-254-4987)
- The University Ombudsman (607-255-4321)

The Victim Advocate, directors of the LGBT Resource Center, and the Ombudsman will not convey any identifying information to the University Title IX Coordinator or other university officials. These conversations too are kept confidential and, except in rare circumstances, will not be shared without explicit permission. However, confidential resources will share de-identified statistical or other information regarding sexual assault with the University’s Title IX Coordinator.

All other resources, as well as most Cornell, faculty, staff, and student employees other than those designated "confidential" above have a duty to consult with a Title IX coordinator once they become aware of any potential incidents of sexual harassment, including sexual assault and violence, in order to keep the complainant and other members of the Cornell community safe while simultaneously respecting the complainant’s needs and circumstances. These conversations will be kept as confidential as possible, but information regarding sexual harassment, including sexual assault and violence, will be shared with a Title IX coordinator. See page 26 for a list of campus and community resources.

The university can also provide assistance with changing academic living, transportation, and working situations and obtaining protective measures, even if you choose not to file a formal complaint with the university or initiate a criminal proceeding, if you so request and such accommodations are reasonably available. Such measures do not require a full investigation, nor a detailed conversation with you or the person whose behavior is in question.

The University will provide any student, faculty or staff member reporting incidents of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and other sexual misconduct, with written notification of their rights and options, including the options for assistance detailed above, and other services available for victims, both within the institution and in the community.

Prevention and Awareness Education
Cornell is committed to providing sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking prevention and awareness education to undergraduate and graduate/professional students, staff, and faculty in order to foster a positive, respectful, and safe climate for all members of our community. The university maintains a comprehensive website, "SHARE - Sexual Harassment and Assault Response and Education," which provides resources and updated information for faculty, staff, students, visitors and the community at large covering: Getting Care, Reporting, Policy and Laws, Safety Resources (including detailed information on risk reduction), Education and Engagement (including descriptions of safe and positive options for bystanders intervention), News. share.cornell.edu.

Undergraduate students attend a mandatory interactive orientation program during their first week on campus that addresses the context of sexual violence, harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking and provides positive intervention strategies to employ when students observe behavior that could lead to risk or a negative outcome. Additional prevention programs are conducted by Residential Programs, Dean of Students, Gannett Health Services,
Cornell Police and other university units/departments throughout the academic year. Graduate and professional students are provided primary prevention and awareness information during their initial arrival at the university and are offered other educational resources through their different colleges and departments. Important information about Cornell resources, support services, policies and prevention messages is provided campus-wide in print materials found in on-campus academic and student services offices.

The university produced a training webinar entitled “Respect@Cornell” which has been completed by over 6,500 faculty, academics, and staff. This webinar deals with prevention and awareness of protected status discrimination and harassment, emphasizing the requirements under Title IX to refrain from acts of sexual discrimination, harassment, and violence and how to report such incidents to the appropriate Title IX coordinators, get help, and prevent recurrences. Last year, the university launched a new training webinar, “Building a Culture of Respect” to update prevention and awareness efforts around sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. All employees are required to view “Building a Culture of Respect” as part of their onboarding process.

Cornell’s Victim Advocacy Program
Phone: 607.255.1212.
Website: www.gannett.cornell.edu/va

Cornell’s Victim Advocacy Program provides assistance to any member of the university community who has been the victim of a crime or other traumatic incident, including bias or sexual harassment, sexual assault or rape, intimate partner violence, and stalking. The victim advocate can answer questions, provide support, discuss options, facilitate connections to services, and assist with academic, work, or other accommodations. Though this is not a crisis service, calls to the victim advocate are typically returned within 24 hours.

Sexual Offender Notice
The state of New York requires sex offenders to register with the police in the jurisdiction in which they reside. The state makes this information available at www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/.

Reporting Hate Crimes and Bias Incidents
A hate crime is defined by New York State Penal Law Section 485 as any designated criminal offense or attempted criminal offense in which the perpetrator intentionally selects the person against whom the offense is committed or intended to be committed in whole or in substantial part because of a belief or perception regarding the race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, religious practice, age, disability, or sexual orientation of a person, regardless of whether the belief or perception is correct.

A bias incident—as defined by Cornell policy 6.4: Prohibited Discrimination, Protected-Status Harassment, Sexual Harassment, and Sexual Assault and Violence—is an action taken against a person or group of individuals that one could reasonably and prudently conclude is motivated, in whole or in part, by the alleged offender’s bias against an individual’s actual or perceived aspect of diversity, including age, ancestry or ethnicity, color, creed, disability, gender, gender identity or expression, height, immigration or citizenship status, marital status, national origin, race, religion, religious practice, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, or weight.
Identifying and Reporting Bias Activity
Cornell has established the Reporting Bias System in order to provide an avenue for the community to report such activity and to receive a timely and appropriate response. To facilitate the assessment of bias incidents and the appropriate intervention steps, reported incidents are routed to the Bias Assessment & Review Team (BART)—the coordinating hub of a network of existing bias liaisons from across the university. The BART may refer complaints to the appropriate university agency—such as Workforce Policy and Labor Relations—or work collaboratively with campus partners to determine the best method of intervention to address discrimination/bias complaints.

Anyone who directly witnesses, experiences, finds evidence of, or hears of bias activity on the Cornell campus—or in an area that impacts the Cornell community—should immediately report the incident online at http://biasconcerns.cornell.edu. If the bias activity constitutes a bias crime, as defined by federal, state, and local laws, the report will be shared with Cornell Police.

Information about the university’s Reporting Bias System is available at the Department of Inclusion and Workforce Diversity. The office is open from 8 a.m.—4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday at 150 Day Hall. Call 607.255.1246, TDD/TTY 255.7066, or go online at hr.cornell.edu/diversity/reporting/bias_response.html. Statistics related to the Reporting Bias System are updated monthly and published at diversity.cornell.edu.

Campus Code and Grievance Procedures

Judicial Administrator: Enforcing the Campus Code
Location: 120 Day Hall
Phone: 607.255.4680

If you believe that someone has violated Cornell’s Campus Code of Conduct, you can contact the Cornell Police who will investigate the situation and make appropriate referrals to the Office of the Judicial Administrator, or JA. You may also make an appointment to meet with the JA.

The JA operates independently of university administration in overseeing Cornell’s internal judicial process. The office investigates and adjudicates alleged violations of the Campus Code of Conduct.

Everyone in the Cornell community—faculty and staff members as well as students—is governed by the code and is under the jurisdiction of the JA (except in workplace cases, which are handled by the appropriate employment authority). The code applies on any part of the Cornell campus, on any other property or facility used by Cornell for educational purposes, and on the property of any university-related residential organization in the Ithaca or Geneva, New York areas. For serious behavior, the code applies at any location, on or off campus. The code prohibits misconduct, including assault behavior, sexual misconduct (such as sexual assault or sexual harassment), violation of computer-use policies, possession of forged ID cards, underage possession of alcohol and possession of any drug (including marijuana, medical or otherwise). Note that cases of sexual misconduct, such as sexual assault or sexual harassment, are handled under the procedures of Cornell Policy 6.4, rather than the procedures of the code. (See the section “Sexual Violence” on page 16 of this report.)

Generally, complainants can decide to pursue a case or not, to pursue remedies in civil or criminal courts off campus, to attend any relevant proceeding, to bring a friend or advisor unconnected to the case to any meeting, to receive the free assistance of the victim’s advocate, to request an order of protection in cases involving menacing behavior, and to learn the outcome of cases in which they have filed a complaint.

Similarly, for cases that use the procedures of the code, accused persons may bring a friend or advisor who is unconnected to the case to any meetings, may receive the free assistance of the judicial codes counselor, may question witnesses, confront accusers, present witnesses, submit evidence, and may remain silent. (See the section “Sexual Violence” on page 16 to better understand the procedures for allegations of sexual misconduct.)

Under the code, the JA attempts to resolve cases informally, but any case may go to a board for resolution. Sanctions may include a combination of oral warning, written reprimand, community work, fine, probation, educational classes, counseling, papers, directed study, letters of apology, restitution, orders to perform or to stop certain actions, suspension, dismissal, or other educational sanctions. Both sides have the right to appeal rulings and decisions of the JA first to the University Hearing Board and then to the University Review Board; students, faculty, and staff members compose both boards.

In cases involving harassment, assault, or abuse, either party may request a transfer to a different residence hall if both parties live in the same hall, and no contact orders may be imposed against the accused.

To view the entire Campus Code of Conduct, go to dfa.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/campuscode.cfm.

Sanctions and Remedies under the Campus Code of Conduct
These are the penalties meted out to those who violate the Campus Code of Conduct:

Faculty Members and Other Employees
a. Oral warning
b. Written reprimand
c. Other educational tools (such as counseling or reflection papers)
d. Community service of not more than 80 hours or in-kind monetary fine
e. Restitution
f. Cease and desist orders (including orders of protection)
g. Suspension from university duties for a stated period not to exceed one month, with loss of salary but not with loss of other rights and privileges
h. Dismissal from the employ of the university and termination of any contract or tenure

Students
a. Oral warning
b. Written reprimand
c. Community service of not more than 80 hours or in-kind monetary fine
d. Other educational tools (such as counseling or reflection papers)
e. Restitution and cease and desist orders (including orders of protection)
f. Probation for a stated period
g. Suspension from the university
h. Dismissal from the university
Gannett Health Services offers a wide variety of prevention, education, and treatment services that are sensitive to the challenges university students face regarding alcohol and other drug use. Gannett provides services for students who want to learn more about their own use of alcohol and other drugs, reduce or eliminate use, or are worried about a friend or family member's use or dependency. To learn more, visit www.gannett.cornell.edu/topics/drugs.

Any member of the Cornell community who is planning a university event with alcohol needs to be familiar with the requirements of the policy, available at dfia.cornell.edu/cms/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/upload/vol4_8.pdf. The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, use, and/or sale of controlled substances or other illegal drugs is prohibited.

The university is committed to upholding local, state, and federal law; requiring proper management of events where alcoholic beverages will be served; minimizing the misuse of alcoholic beverages; maintaining a drug-free workplace; and providing education about the risks associated with the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs. In addition, the Cornell Campus Code of Conduct sets forth disciplinary procedures and sanctions for violations of the policy on Alcohol and Other Drugs. The code is available at dfia.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/campuscode.cfm.

The university has formal grievance procedures that apply to disputes, charges, and complaints between and among academic and nonacademic employees and undergraduate and graduate students. The nature of the issue and the parties involved determine which procedures and university offices are used. Here are suggested initial sources of information on grievances:

- Academic Employee Grievances: dfia.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/humanresources/grievance.cfm
- Nonacademic Employee Grievances: ombudsman.cornell.edu/hr.cornell.edu/policies/nonacademic/grievance.html
- Prohibited Discrimination, Protected Status (including Sexual) Harassment, and Bias Activity: dfia.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/humanresources/prohibited.cfm
- Grade or Course Grievances: ombudsman.cornell.edu
- Graduate Student Grievances: gradschool.cornell.edu/?p=125

Essential Services for Students and Staff

Weapons, Alcohol, and Drugs on Campus

Weapons Prohibition on Campus
A campus is no place for a weapon. It is a crime in New York State to possess a rifle, a shotgun, a BB gun, an air gun, a spring gun, or other firearm in or on the buildings or grounds of any school, college, or university, even if you have a valid New York State firearm permit.

This prohibition includes possessing a firearm while dropping off or picking up someone on the campus or while just driving through the campus. It is also a crime to possess nunchakus, daggers, switchblades, locking butterfly knives, stun guns, and any other instruments deemed unlawful by section 265.01 of the New York State Penal Law.

Similarly, it is a violation of Cornell’s Campus Code of Conduct to possess, carry, or use firearms—including ammunition or explosives—or other dangerous weapons, instruments, or substances in or on university premises (except in the case of law-enforcement officers or as specifically authorized by the chief of Cornell Police).

In order to bring a firearm or other weapon onto campus for any reason, permission first must be obtained from the Cornell Police, and, upon arrival on campus, the person must immediately deposit the weapon at Cornell Police headquarters, G2 Barton Hall, for safekeeping. When the weapon is signed out, it must immediately be taken off campus, and must immediately be deposited again with Cornell Police if it is brought back onto campus.

Alcohol and Drugs on Campus
Cornell University will assist members of the university community in understanding the risks associated with consuming alcohol and the need to prevent the harm that results from its misuse and abuse. The university’s policy on Alcohol and Other Drugs includes general guidelines regarding alcohol and other drugs, procedures for holding events at which alcohol is served, information about harm that can result from drinking or drug use, and a list of campus resources.

Gannett Health Services offers a wide variety of prevention,
caringcommunity.cornell.edu
Cornell strives to cultivate a caring environment in which every member of our diverse community can thrive. It’s important that everyone be able to reach out to others in time of need and can work collaboratively in service of a healthy campus climate. The caring community website provides information for all Cornell community members on a range of programs and resources designed to support individual and community well-being.

Counseling and Support for Students
Cornell offers a variety of counseling and support programs and services for students. These include:

- Professional Counseling: offered by Gannett’s Counseling and Psychological Services. (CAPS) Phone: 607.255.5155 (24/7)
- Peer Counseling: provided by the Dean of Student’s Empathy, Assistance, and Referral Service (EARS), Phone: 607.255.EARS (3277).
- Spiritual support and guidance: Cornell United Religious Work (CURW). Phone: 607.255.4214
- For an extensive list of support resources, visit caringcommunity.cornell.edu.

For Students in Crisis
Crisis Management
The university’s crisis-management system is coordinated through the Offices of the Vice President for Student and Academic Services and the Dean of Students and is affiliated with other units whose responsibilities focus on helping students. In the event of a student crisis, call Cornell Police, 607.255.1111, at any time, day or night, to initiate connection with a university staff member who is serving as a crisis manager.

In a variety of challenging situations, a crisis manager can help:

- Coordinates the flow of information while protecting confidentiality and privacy in sensitive personal matters
- Arranges for support services provided to the student and others affected by the crises
- Consults with, advises, and facilitates communication among individuals and units providing direct supports
- Provides direct service to those affected by the crises, such as personal support, information, and referrals (the crisis manager is often a primary contact for parents)
- Monitor the process and provides the follow-up services, as needed

Other Resources
For additional information about managing a personal crisis at Cornell, visit www.gannett.cornell.edu/notice.

Faculty and Staff Assistance Program (FASP)
Phone: 607.255.2673 (255.COPE)
Website: fsap.cornell.edu

The Faculty and Staff Assistance Program (FSAP) offers free and confidential guidance and support for Cornell benefits-eligible employees (faculty, staff, postdocs, visiting scholars, and retirees) and their partners.

Over the phone or in person, FSAP staff members provide brief counseling, support, resources, and referral on such topics as personal life challenges, work-related concerns, family or relationship issues, alcohol and drug use, adjusting to change or loss, conflict resolution, and mental health issues. They also are available for consultation with people who have concerns about others. Counselors also provide support in the wake of a crisis.

FSAP is available by phone 24/7 for urgent mental health concerns. (FSAP partners with Gannett Health Services to provide responsive, professional phone consultation whenever the FSAP office is closed, ensuring that employees can call FSAP anytime of day or night, every day of the year, and speak confidentially with a licensed counselor or health care provider.)

Visit www.fsap.cornell.edu for detailed information about services, staff, hours, directions, eligibility, and access.

Emergency Medical Service . . . and a Volunteer Opportunity
Cornell University Emergency Medical Service (CUEMS) is a New York State-recognized, student-run Basic Life Support Emergency Medical Service first-response agency. With more than 75 active members, CUEMS has been providing service to the Cornell community for more than 25 years. CUEMS is an all-volunteer organization and is part of the Cornell Department of Environmental Health and Safety.

The squad provides response to all 911 calls for medical emergencies and evaluations on the Cornell University campus and surrounding university-owned properties. CUEMS also provides stand-by service for university events and provides CPR, first aid, and other training seminars to the Cornell community. Any member of the Cornell community can apply to become a CUEMS member, and no prior experience is required. Visit our website at cuems.cornell.edu for more information.

Office of Transportation and Mail Services
Location: 116 Maple Avenue, Ithaca, NY 14850-4901
Hours: Monday to Friday, 7:30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Phone: 607.255.4600, Fax: 607.255.0257
Email: transportation@cornell.edu
Website: parking.cornell.edu

Cornell’s Office of Transportation and Mail Services is the campus resource for information about parking, transit, and other transportation options (including those for persons with accessibility needs). The office oversees the university’s traffic, vehicle and bike registration, parking permit, parking enforcement, and alternative transportation programs.

In the Community: Enforcement, Treatment, Counseling, and Referral
Many local agencies provide law-enforcement, treatment, counseling, or referral services, as well as training and educational materials and programs. The agencies and offices listed inside the back cover of this report help prevent and prosecute criminal offenses—including sexual offenses—and provide support and treatment to victims.
Emergencies
Call 911 on any phone in Tompkins County at any time to reach the county-wide emergency-response system for situations that require immediate police, fire, or medical response to preserve life or property.

Related University Policies
To view Cornell University’s policies and more on the services provided by the University Policy Office (UPO), visit the UPO website at dfa.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies.

An overview of selected policies is presented here. Please consult the actual policy or the administering office for details regarding each policy.

Code of Academic Integrity
theuniversityfaculty.cornell.edu/policies/pol_main.html

Alcohol and Other Drugs
The university’s policy on Alcohol and Other Drugs includes general guidelines regarding alcohol and other drugs, procedures for holding events at which alcohol is served, information about the harm that can result from drinking or drug use, and a list of campus resources. Any member of the Cornell community who is planning a university event with alcohol needs to be familiar with the requirements of the policy, which is available at dfa.cornell.edu/cms/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/upload/vol4_8.pdf.

In addition, the Cornell Campus Code of Conduct sets forth disciplinary procedures and sanctions for violations of the policy on Alcohol and Other Drugs. The code is available at dfa.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/campuscode.cfm. To reduce concerns about judicial consequences in alcohol-related medical emergencies, the university has established a Good Samaritan Protocol, which is available at www.gannett.cornell.edu/topics/drugs/alcohol/map.cfm.

Campus Code of Conduct
Cornell’s basic prescription for community conduct is divided into five sections. The full text is available at dfa.cornell.edu/dfa/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/campuscode.cfm.

Access to Student Records
See University Policy 4.5, Access to Student Information, at dfa.cornell.edu/cms/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/upload/vol4_S.pdf.

Disability Information
For individuals with disabilities or mobility changes: cornell.edu/disability

Equal Opportunity
hr.cornell.edu/diversity/eeo
Related university policies include 6.6.13, Flexibility in the Workplace; 6.9, Time Away from Work; 6.13, Disability Accommodation; and 6.13.8, Religious Accommodation. These policies are in the Human Resources volume at dfa.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/humanresources/index.cfm

Health and Safety Policy
dfa.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/facilities/health.cfm

Inclement Weather Policy
da.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/facilities/weather.cfm

Keys and Other Access Control Devices
da.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/riskandsafety/accesscontrol.cfm

Postering and Publicity
sao.cornell.edu/so/postering.pdf

Prohibited Discrimination, Protected-Status Harassment, Sexual Harassment, and Sexual Assault and Violence
da.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/humanresources/prohibited.cfm

Responsible Use of Electronic Communication
da.cornell.edu/dfa/cms/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/informationtech/communications.cfm

Romantic and Sexual Relationships Between Students and Staff Members
da.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/governance/ethical.cfm

Smoking
da.cornell.edu/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/facilities/smoking.cfm

Voluntary Leaves of Absence for Students
www.dfa.cornell.edu/dfa/treasurer/policyoffice/policies/volumes/student/studentleave.cfm
Police Services
- Cayuga Heights Police
  607.257.1011
- Cornell Police, G2 Barton Hall
  607.255.1111
- Dryden Police
  607.844.8118
- Groton Police
  607.898.3131
- Ithaca College Public Safety
  607.274.3353
- Ithaca Police
  607.272.9973
- New York State Police
  607.273.4671 or 607.347.4440
- Tompkins County Sheriff’s Department
  607.272.2444
- Trumansburg Police Department
  607.387.6505

Medical Treatment and Care
- Cayuga Medical Center at Ithaca
  101 Dates Drive (off Route 96 north)
  emergency room: 607.274.4411, information: 607.274.4011
- Gannett Health Services
  607.255.5155
- Tompkins County Fire and Ambulance
  607.273.8000

Counseling, Education, and Referral

Cornell University
- Campus Life
  2336 South Balch Hall, 607.255.5511
- Cornell Advocates for Rape Education
  Gannett Health Services, 607.255.4782
- Cornell Interactive Theatre Ensemble
  607.254.2759
- Cornell Police Crime Prevention Unit
  G2 Barton Hall
  607.255.7404
- Cornell United Religious Work
  118 Anabel Taylor Hall
  607.255.4214
- Counseling and Psychological Services
  Gannett Health Services
  607.255.5208, 607.255.5155
- Dean of Students (Office of the)
  401 Willard Straight Hall
  607.255.1115
- Empathy, Assistance, and Referral Service
  213A Willard Straight Hall
  607.255.EARS (255.3277) or 607.255.3608
- Faculty and Staff Assistance Program
  607.255.2673 (255.COPE)
  24 hours per day, 7 days per week
- Gannett Health Promotion
  Gannett Health Services
  607.255.5155
- Judicial Administrator (Office of the)
  120 Day Hall
  607.255.4680
- Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender Resource Center
  282 Caldwell Hall
  607.254.4987
- Ombudsman (Office of the University)
  118 Stimson Hall
  607.255.4321
- Organizational Development for Faculty and Staff
  607.254.6400
- SHARE
  share.cornell.edu
- Victim Advocacy Program
  Gannett Health Services, 607.255.1212
- Workforce Diversity and Inclusion
  607.255.3976
- Workforce Policy and Labor Relations
  607.254.7232 or 607.255.4652

Tompkins County
- Advocacy Center (Domestic Violence, Youth Sexual Abuse, and Adult Survivors of Sexual Abuse)
  607.277.3203; 24-hour hotline: 607.277.5000
- Cayuga Medical Center at Ithaca
  607.274.4011
- Child Abuse and Maltreatment Register (New York State)
  800.342.3720
- Family and Children's Services
  607.273.7494
- Information and Referral Services of Tompkins County
  607.272.9331
- Ithaca Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender Task Force
  100 West Seneca Street
  607.387.8252
- Mental Health Services Clinic
  201 East Green Street
  607.274.6200
- Planned Parenthood of the Southern Finger Lakes
  620 West Seneca Street,
  appointments: 607.273.1513; education: 607.216.0021
- Sex Offender Registry (New York State)
  900.288.3838 (50¢ fee)
- Suicide Prevention and Crisis Service
  607.272.1616
- Tompkins County Stop DWI
  121 East Court Street
  607.274.5524
Campus Watch

Campus Watch is published annually by Cornell Police, in compliance with the Campus Security Act and other state and federal crime-reporting laws, and as a public service.

Address comments and questions regarding those laws and Cornell’s compliance with them to:

Kathy Zoner, Chief of Cornell Police
G2 Barton Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-1701
phone 607.255.8945; fax: 607.255.5916;
email: cu_police@cornell.edu

Peggy Matta, Clery Compliance Administrator
Cornell Police
365 Pine Tree Road, Ithaca, NY 14850
phone 607.255.4393; email: mem25@cornell.edu